

## BLOSSOM TYPES

The variety of colors, shapes, and forms of the African violet blossom has increased over the years. Some of the more important are the following:



**Bell:** Single blossoms with a bell shape.



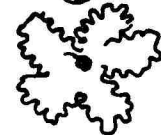
**Chimera:** Blossoms, with stripes that radiate from the center, pinwheel.



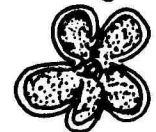
**Double:** Blossoms with at least two layers of petals.



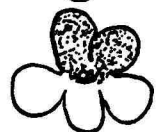
**Fantasy:** Blossoms are splotched, streaked or rayed with contrasting color or deeper shade of the same color. The blossoms can be of any kind or shape.



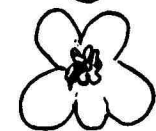
**Fringed:** Blossoms have heavily serrated or fringed outerlobes. The blossoms can be any kind or shape.



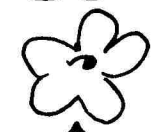
**Edged:** Blossom can be any shape. Lobes of the blossoms are edged with any color. **Geneva or Geneva edged:** Lobes of the blossoms are edged with white.



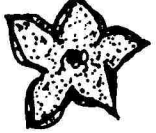
**Multicolor:** Blossoms with two or more colors.



**Semidouble:** Blossoms that possess more than the standard five lobes, such as those blossoms with a crest or tuft at the center, but less than a full second row of petals. Blossoms may appear single.



**Single:** Blossoms have five lobes, with two upper lobes that are usually smaller than the three lower ones.



**Star:** Blossoms have five lobes of about equal size and distance from one another. The blossoms can be single, semidouble, or double. The double star has extra layers of petals but maintains the star form.



**Two-tone:** Blossoms having two or more shades of a color.



**Wasp:** Blossoms are single and each lobe is very narrow.